

SOP: Net washing for semifield LLIN trials

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Timeline

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1	30/10/2020	Angus Spiers	121
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Version Control¹

Version	Date	Updated by	Description of update(s)
2	April – May 2022	Alex Wright, Natalie Lissenden	Purpose, materials & equipment, regeneration
			time information, data

¹ Historical versions of SOPs can be found on the I2I website (https://innovationtoimpact.org/)

	collection sheet information,
	and glossary of terms.

Related documents

I2I Best Practice SOP Library, 30 October 2020 (https://innovationtoimpact.org/)

1. Purpose

Net washing for semi-field experimental hut trials simulates the wear and tear of a bed net in a community setting. This SOP details how to conduct whole net washing for semi-field LN trials.

2. Background

Enough nets should be prepared for each treatment arm. The nets should be from three different production batches. One net from each batch should be retained for laboratory bioassays and chemical analysis. After netting pieces (30 x 30 cm) have been removed for baseline bioassays and chemical assays, the net is washed 20 times (or more, depending on the manufacturer's claim) as described below; then bioassays and chemical assays are performed on pieces cut from adjacent positions. The other five nets are then washed 20 times (or more as appropriate) and used in the hut trial. At the end of the trial, one of the five nets from each treatment arm is selected at random for bioassays and chemical assays. The pieces that are used for bioassays should be stored individually in aluminium foil at 4-10 °C until chemical assays are performed.

For washing, the nets should be placed individually in non-plastic bowls (e.g. aluminium) with 10 L of water and 2 g/L of soap such as savon de Marseille. The water should have a maximum hardness of 5 dh. The nets should be washed for a total of 10 minutes. It is suggested that the nets be agitated for 3 minutes, allowed to soak for 4 minutes and agitated again for 3 minutes. The nets should be agitated by stirring them with a pole at

20 rotations per minute. They should then be rinsed with clean water by a similar procedure, dried horizontally in the shade and stored at ambient temperature between washes. The time between two consecutive washes should correspond to the regeneration time determined in Phase I studies.

Preparation of nets may take several weeks or even months for LLIN nets that have a long regeneration time and must be washed 20 times. To maintain equivalence between the various treatments in the trial, washing in each treatment arm should be completed at the same time, which means starting the washing of long-regeneration nets weeks or months earlier than those with a shorter regeneration time or those that are washed fewer times.

Once washing has been completed, bioassays should be conducted again (as described above) on all nets. One net is removed from each treatment arm and retained for chemical analysis (Fig. 1), and the remaining five nets are used in the experimental hut study. Six holes (4 cm x 4 cm) should be cut in each net, with two holes on each of the long side panels and one on each of the short side panels. The holes in the short side panels are located in the centre of the net, while those in the long side panels should be spaced evenly along the length of each panel; i.e. the first hole is made at one third of the distance and the second at two thirds of the distance from the edge of the side panel. The holes should be centred vertically on all sides of the net.

Net washing should be performed in the shade or indoors. Ensure that the washing is performed at a designated place where water can be safely disposed of with no access to passing people / animals.

3. Materials & Equipment

- Net washing preparation
 - o Permanent marker pen
 - Labels
 - o Aluminum washing bowl
 - Paddles
 - o Measuring cylinder
 - Calibrated water hardness meter
 - Calibrated pH meter or pH test strips
 - Record sheet
 - 70% ethanol
 - Paper towel
 - Savon de Marseille soap (or equivalent non-biological local soap, pH 10-11)
 - o Calibrated weigh scale
 - o Hand blender or grater
 - Clean jug
- Net washing
 - Gloves
 - Stop watch/timer
 - Steel or nylon clothes line
 - Rinsate/waste tank for excess wash water
 - Plastic bag for net storage
 - Wash log sheet

4. Procedure

Net Washing Preparation

- a. Use a permanent marker and label aluminium washing bowls and paddles with the net type. Use only that bowl for washing that type of net to avoid contamination.
- b. Calibrate the buckets by pouring ten litres of water into each bowl with a calibrated measuring cylinder. Mark the 10-litre level with a permanent marker.
- c. Check the water hardness. Pour 100mL of water into a clean glass beaker and use the calibrated water hardness meter. Record this on the form. Water hardness must be ≤89ppm. Water greater than 89ppm cannot be used for net washing.
- d. Check the water pH. Tear a strip from the pH test papers booklet and dip into the same beaker for 1-2 seconds, or use a calibrated pH meter if available.

 Estimate the value to the nearest whole number and record.
- e. Spray 70% ethanol into the aluminium washing bowl and wipe around the container with a paper towel to remove any possible contaminants. Leave for five minutes and then rinse the bowls twice with 10L of clean water.
- f. Weigh 20g of Savon de Marseille or a suitable locally available soap using a calibrated balance. Grind soap with a hand blender.
- g. Fill a jug with one litre warm water and pour the 20g of soap in. Stir until the soap dissolves. This is the "soap solution."
- h. Pour the one litre of soap solution into an aluminium washing bowl.
- i. Repeat steps f-h for each aluminium washing bowl for each net type.
- j. Pour 9L of tap water into each aluminium container that contains 1L of "soap solution."

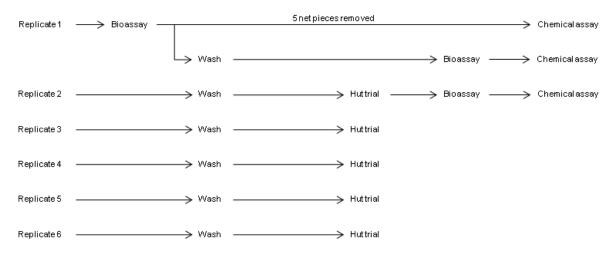
Net washing

- k. Put on gloves.
- I. Prepare stop watch/ timer.

- m. Put the net in the bowl. Start the timer.
- n. Agitate the net for three minutes using the wooden paddle at 20 rotations per minute, taking care not to damage the net.
- o. Let the net soak for four minutes. Ensure all the net is submerged in the water.
- p. Agitate the net for a further three minutes using the paddle at 20 rotations per minute, taking care not to damage the net.
- q. Remove the net from the bowl and hang over a steel or nylon line.
- r. Empty the water into the insecticide-rinsate tank designated for waste disposal.
- s. Pour 10 litres of fresh water into the aluminium washing container.
- t. Put the net back in the bowl.
- u. Repeat steps d-e for the rinsing of the net, taking care not to damage the net.
- v. Remove the net from the bowl and hang over a steel or nylon line.
- w. Empty the water from the bowl into the designated insecticide-rinsate tank for disposal.
- x. Put 10 litres of fresh water into the bowl.
- y. Repeat step d-e to further rinse the net, taking care not to damage the net.
- z. Remove the net from the bowl and hang over a steel or nylon line.
- aa. Empty the water from the bowl into the designated insecticide-rinsate tank for disposal.
- bb. Remove the net from the bowl and hang over a steel or nylon line. Make sure the nets are left to dry in a place where they cannot be disturbed by passing cattle or children, or in an open area where they can be stolen.
- cc. When net is completely dry, pack in the original packaging, then in a sealable plastic bag.
- dd. Label the net bag using a permanent marker- write the date of washing, net code, number of this wash, and technician initials.

- ee. Fill in the wash log
- ff. Store net at ambient temperature between washes.
- gg. Regeneration time may differ with AI. Follow the regeneration time and instructions for storage between washes from sponsor and protocol.

Figure. 1. Washing, bioassay and chemical assay of each of six net replicate nets for candidate and reference long-lasting insecticidal nets in an experimental hut trial



Collection and reporting of data

Ensure the following data is recorded in the data collection sheets:

- Net washing record sheet
 - Protocol number
 - Net ID number
 - Soap type
 - Net removed
 - Purpose (Wash number)
 - Staff name
 - Date
 - Net returned

- Purpose (Wash number)
- Staff name
- Date

5. Glossary of terms

Al Active ingredient

LLIN Long lasting insecticidal net

SOP Standard Operating Procedure

WHO World Health Organization

